Classified Personnel

July 6, 2021

CLASSIFIED PERSONAL ILLNESS/INJURY LEAVE

Classified employees employed five days a week are entitled to 12 days' leave of absence with full pay for personal illness or injury (sick leave) per fiscal year. Employees who work less than a full fiscal year or fewer than five days a week (part-time employees) shall be granted sick leave in proportion to the time they work. However, part-time employees who are entitled to less than 24 hours of paid sick leave per fiscal year due to the amount of time worked shall be granted sick leave pursuant to Labor Code 246, if they are eligible. (Education Code 45191; Labor Code 245-249)

Use of Sick Leave

A classified employee may use sick leave for absences due to:

1. Accident or illness, whether or not the absence arises out of or in the course of employment, or by quarantine which results from contact in the course of employment with other persons having a contagious disease. (Education Code 45199)

2. Pregnancy, childbirth, and recovery. (Education Code 45193)

3. Personal necessity as specified in Education Code 45207

4. Medical and dental appointments, in increments of not less than one hour

5. Industrial accident or illness when leave granted specifically for that purpose has been exhausted. (Education Code 45192)

6. Need of an employee to bond with a child within one year of the child's birth, adoption, or foster care placement (parental leave). (Education Code 45196.1; Government Code 12945.2, 12945.6; 29 USC 2612; 29 CFR 825.112)

7. Need of the employee or the employee's family member, as defined in Labor Code 245.5, for the diagnosis, care, or treatment of an existing health condition or for preventive care. (Labor Code 233, 246.5)

8. Need of the employee to seek or obtain any relief or medical attention specified in Labor Code 230(c) and 230.1(a) for the health, safety, or welfare of the employee or the employee's child, when the employee has been a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. (Labor Code 233, 246.5)
For the purposes specified in items #7-8, an employee may use, in any calendar year, the amount of sick leave that would be accrued during six months at the employee's then current rate of entitlement. *(Labor Code 233)*

An employee may take leave for personal illness or injury at any time during the year, even if credit for such leave has not yet been accrued. However, a new full-time classified employee shall not be entitled to more than six days of sick leave, or the proportionate amount to which the employee may be entitled, until the first day of the month after the employee has completed six months of active service with the district. *(Education Code 45191)*

Unused days of sick leave shall be accumulated from year to year without limitation. *(Education Code 45191)*

An employee shall reimburse the district for any unearned sick leave used as of the date of termination.

The district shall not require newly employed classified employees to waive leave accumulated in a previous district. However, if the employee's previous employment was terminated for cause, the transfer of the accumulated leave shall be made only if approved by the Governing Board. *(Education Code 45202)*

The Santa Cruz County Superintendent of Schools (County Superintendent) or designee shall notify any classified employee whose employment with the Santa Cruz County Office of Education (Santa Cruz COE) is terminated after at least one calendar year for reasons other than for cause that, if the employee accepts employment in another district, county office of education, or community college district within one year of the termination of employment, the employee may request that the Santa Cruz COE transfer any accumulated sick leave to the new employer. *(Education Code 45202)*

**Additional Leave for Disabled Military Veterans**

In addition to any other entitlement for sick leave with pay, a classified employee who is a former active duty member of the U.S. Armed Forces or a former or current member of the California National Guard or a federal reserve component shall be entitled to sick leave with pay of up to 12 days for the purpose of undergoing medical treatment, including mental health treatment, for a military service-connected disability rated at 30 percent or higher by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs. An eligible employee who works less than five days per week shall be entitled to such leave in proportion to the time worked. *(Education Code 45191.5)*

The amount of leave shall be credited to the employee either on the date the employee receives confirmation of the submission of the disability application to the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs or on the first day the employee begins or returns to employment after active duty, whichever is later. When the employee receives the disability rating decision, the employee shall report that information to the County Superintendent or designee. If the disability rating decision makes the employee eligible for the leave, the time used before the decision shall be counted
toward the 12-day maximum leave. If the disability rating decision makes the employee ineligible for the leave, the Santa Cruz COE may change the sick leave time used before the disability rating decision to an alternative leave balance. *(Education Code 45191.5)*

The County Superintendent or designee may require verification, in accordance with the section "Verification Requirements" below, that the employee used the leave to obtain treatment of a military service-connected disability.

Leave for military-service connected disability shall be available for 12 months following the first date that the leave was credited. Leave not used during the 12-month period shall not be carried over and shall be forfeited. *(Education Code 45191.5)*

**Notification of Absence**

An employee shall notify the County Superintendent or the designated manager or supervisor of the need to be absent as soon as such need is known so that the services of a substitute may be secured as necessary. This notification shall include an estimate of the expected duration of absence. If the absence becomes longer than estimated, the employee shall so notify the Santa Cruz COE. If the duration of absence becomes shorter than estimated, the employee shall notify the Santa Cruz COE not later than three o'clock in the afternoon of the day preceding the day on which the employee intends to return to work. If the employee fails to notify the Santa Cruz COE and the failure results in a substitute being secured, the cost of the substitute shall be deducted from the employee's pay.

**Continued Absence After Available Sick Leave Is Exhausted/Differential Pay**

When a classified employee has exhausted all paid leaves, including sick leave, and continues to be absent on account of illness or injury for a period of five months or less, the Santa Cruz COE shall deduct from the employee's regular salary for that period an amount that does not exceed the actual cost of a substitute to fill the position. *(Education Code 45196)*

The five-month period shall commence on the first day of the leave of absence and shall run concurrently with any other paid leave.

**Parental Leave**

During each school year, a classified employee may use all available sick leave, including accumulated sick leave, for the purpose of parental leave for a period of up to 12 work weeks. The 12-week period shall be reduced by any period of sick leave, including accumulated sick leave, taken during a period of such parental leave. *(Education Code 45196.1)*

Eligibility for such leave shall not require 1,250 hours of service with the Santa Cruz COE during the previous 12 months. *(Education Code 45196.1)*
An employee who has exhausted all available sick leave, including accumulated sick leave, and continues to be absent on account of parental leave shall receive differential pay of at least 50 percent of the employee's regular salary for the remainder of the 12 work weeks. (Education Code 45196.1)

Parental leave taken pursuant to Education Code 45196.1 shall run concurrently with the parental leave taken pursuant to Government Code 12945.2 or 12945.6, and the aggregate amount of parental leave shall not exceed 12 work weeks in a 12-month period. (Education Code 45196.1; Government Code 12945.2, 12945.6)

Extension of Leave
A permanent employee who is absent because of a personal illness or injury and who has exhausted all available sick leave, vacation, compensatory overtime, and any other paid leave shall be so notified, in writing, and offered an opportunity to request additional leave. The Board may grant the employee additional leave, paid or unpaid, for a period not to exceed six months and may renew this leave for two additional six-month periods or for lesser periods. The total additional leave granted shall not exceed 18 months. (Education Code 45195)

If the employee is still unable to return to work after all available paid and unpaid leaves have been exhausted, the employee shall be placed on a reemployment list for a period of 39 months. If during this time the employee becomes medically able, the employee shall be offered reemployment in the first vacancy in the classification of the employee's previous assignment. During the 39 months, the employee's reemployment shall take preference over all other applicants except those laid off for lack of work or lack of funds, in which case the employee shall be ranked according to seniority. (Education Code 45195)

Verification Requirements
After any absence due to illness or injury, the employee shall submit a completed and signed Santa Cruz COE absence form to the employee's immediate supervisor.

The County Superintendent or designee may require verification whenever an employee's absence record shows chronic absenteeism or a pattern of absences immediately before or after weekends and/or holidays or whenever available evidence clearly indicates that an absence is not related to illness or injury.

In addition, the County Superintendent or designee may require an employee to visit a physician selected by the Santa Cruz COE, at Santa Cruz COE expense, in order to receive a report on the medical condition of the employee. The report shall include a statement as to the employee's need for additional leave of absence and a prognosis as to when the employee will be able to return to work. If the report concludes that the employee's condition does not warrant continued absence, the County Superintendent or designee may, after giving notice to the employee, deny the request for additional leave.

Any Santa Cruz COE request for additional verification by an employee's physician or a Santa Cruz COE-selected physician shall be in writing and shall specify that the report to be submitted
to the Santa Cruz COE should not contain the employee's genetic information. Any genetic information received by the Santa Cruz COE on behalf of an employee shall be treated as a confidential medical record, maintained in a file separate from the employee's personnel file, and shall not be disclosed except in accordance with 29 CFR 1635.9.

Before returning to work, an employee who has been absent for surgery, hospitalization, or extended medical treatment may be asked to submit a letter from a physician stating that the employee is able to return to work and stipulating any necessary restrictions or limitations.

**Short-Term and Substitute Employees**

Pursuant to Labor Code 245-249, the Santa Cruz COE is required to grant a minimum of one hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours worked by an employee who works for 30 days within a year of employment. In implementing this requirement, Labor Code 246 permits the Santa Cruz COE to use any of the options specified below. Option 1 provides for paid leave accrual based on one hour for every 30 hours worked. Option 2 allows an accrual method that provides for a regular accrual basis and ensures that the employee receives 24 hours of paid sick leave by the 120th calendar day of employment or each calendar year or 12-month period. Option 3 is for any Santa Cruz COE that credits employees with 24 hours or three days of paid sick leave at the beginning of each year and does not allow unused sick leave to carry over to the next year. In addition, pursuant to Labor Code 245.5, retired annuitants who have not reinstated to the applicable public retirement system are excluded from participation in these leave benefit provisions. The Santa Cruz COE should select the option below which corresponds to its approach under Labor Code 246.

Except for a retired annuitant who is not reinstated to the retirement system, short-term or substitute employees who work for 30 or more days within a year of their employment shall accrue, on a regular basis, paid sick leave of up to 24 hours by the 120th calendar day of their employment or each calendar year or 12-month period. Accrued paid sick days shall carry over to the following year of employment, up to a maximum of 48 hours. *(Labor Code 246)*

Short-term or substitute employees may begin to use accrued paid sick days on the 90th day of their employment, after which they may use the sick days as they are accrued. *(Labor Code 246)*

A short-term or substitute employee may use accrued sick leave for absences due to: *(Labor Code 246.5)*

1. The employee's own need or the need of a family member, as defined in Labor Code 245.5, for the diagnosis, care, or treatment of an existing health condition or for preventive care.

2. Need of the employee to obtain or seek any relief or medical attention specified in Labor Code 230(c) and 230.1(a) for the health, safety, or welfare of the employee, or the
employee's child, when the employee has been a victim of domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

**Healthy Workplaces, Healthy Families Act Requirements**

No employee, including a short-term or substitute employee, shall be denied the right to use accrued sick days and the Santa Cruz COE shall not in any manner discriminate or retaliate against an employee for using or attempting to use sick leave, filing a complaint with the Labor Commissioner, or alleging Santa Cruz COE violation of Labor Code 245-249.

To ensure the Santa Cruz COE's compliance with Labor Code 245-249, the County Superintendent or designee shall:

1. At a conspicuous location in each workplace, display a poster on paid sick leave that includes the following information:
   a. That an employee is entitled to accrue, request, and use paid sick days.
   b. The number of sick days provided by Labor Code 245-249.
   c. The terms of use of paid sick days.
   d. That discrimination or retaliation against an employee for requesting and/or using sick leave is prohibited by law and that an employee has the right to file a complaint with the Labor Commissioner if the Santa Cruz COE discriminates or retaliates against the employee.

2. Provide at least 24 hours or three days of paid sick leave to each eligible employee to use per year and allow eligible employees to use accrued sick leave upon reasonable request.

3. Provide eligible employees written notice, on their pay stub or other document issued with their pay check, of the amount of paid sick leave they have available.

4. Keep a record documenting the hours worked and paid sick days accrued and used by each eligible employee for three years

**LEGAL REFERENCE:**

**EDUCATION CODE**

45103 Substitute employees
Leaves of absence and vacations
Leaves of absence for illness and injury
45191.5 Leave for military service connected disability
45193 Leave of absence for pregnancy (re use of sick leave under certain circumstances)
Additional leave for nonindustrial accident or illness; reemployment preference
Salary; deductions during sick leave
45196.1 Differential pay during parental leave up to 12 weeks after sick leave is exhausted
45202 Transfer of accumulated sick leave and other benefits

GOVERNMENT CODE
12945.1-12945.2 California Family Rights Act
12945.6 Parental leave

LABOR CODE
Jury duty; legal actions by domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking victims, right to time off
230.1 Employers with 25 or more employees; domestic violence, sexual assault and stalking victims, right to time off
233 Illness of child, parent, spouse or domestic partner
245-249 Healthy Workplaces, Healthy Families Act of 2014

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 29
2601-2654 Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended

UNITED STATES CODE, TITLE 42

CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, TITLE 29
825.100-825.702 Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993
1635.1-1635.12 Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008

COURT DECISIONS